

# **Medical Policy:**

#### Arcalyst<sup>®</sup> (rilonacept) Subcutaneous

| POLICY NUMBER | LAST REVIEW       | ORIGIN DATE   |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------|
| MG.MM.PH.132  | February 18, 2025 | July 15, 2019 |

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The treating physician or primary care provider must submit to EmblemHealth, or ConnectiCare, as applicable (hereinafter jointly referred to as "EmblemHealth"), the clinical evidence that the member meets the criteria for the treatment or surgical procedure. Without this documentation and information, EmblemHealth will not be able to properly review the request preauthorization or post-payment review. The clinical review criteria expressed below reflects how EmblemHealth determines whether certain services or supplies are medically necessary. This clinical policy is not intended to pre-empt the judgment of the reviewing medical director or dictate to health care providers how to practice medicine. Health care providers are expected to exercise their medical judgment in rendering appropriate care. Health care providers are expected to exercise their medical judgment in rendering appropriate care.

EmblemHealth established the clinical review criteria based upon a review of currently available clinical information (including clinical outcome studies in the peer reviewed published medical literature, regulatory status of the technology, evidence-based guidelines of public health and health research agencies, evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations, views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas, and other relevant factors). EmblemHealth expressly reserves the right to revise these conclusions as clinical information changes and welcomes further relevant information. Each benefit program defines which services are covered. The conclusion that a particular service or supply is medically necessary does not constitute a representation or warranty that this service or supply is covered and/or paid for by EmblemHealth, as some programs exclude coverage for services or supplies that EmblemHealth considers medically necessary.

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# **Definitions**

Arcalyst is a targeted inhibitor of interleukin-1 (IL-1), the key driver of inflammation in cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (CAPS). Rilonacept acts as a decoy receptor that binds IL-1 beta and the blocks IL-1 beta signaling, thereby preventing its interaction with cell surface receptors. It also binds IL-1 alpha and IL-1 receptor antagonist with reduced affinity

### Length of Authorization

Coverage will be provided for 6 months and may be renewed.

### **Dosing Limits**

#### Max Units (per dose and over time) [HCPCS Unit]:

Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)/Recurrent Pericarditis (RP)

- Loading Dose: 320 billable units on Day 1
- Maintenance Dose: 160 billable units every 7 days

Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)

#### • 320 billable units every 7 days

### Guideline

### I. INITIAL APPROVAL CRITERIA

<u>Arcalyst</u> may be considered medically necessary if the below condition is met **AND** use is consistent with the medical necessity criteria that follows:

#### 1. Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes

- A. Patient has documented baseline serum levels of inflammatory proteins (C-Reactive Protein [CRP] and/or Serum Amyloid A [SAA], etc.); **AND**
- B. Patient has documented laboratory evidence of a genetic mutation in the Cold-Induced Autoinflammatory Syndrome 1 (CIAS1), also known as NLRP3; **AND** 
  - i. Documented diagnosis of Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS); OR
  - ii. Documented diagnosis of Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS); AND
- C. Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, geneticist, allergist/immunologist, or dermatologist; **AND**
- D. Age ≥ 12 years; AND
- E. Used as a single agent; AND
- F. Dose does not exceed a loading dose of 320 mg (as two injections) and once weekly dosing of 160 mg (as a single injection); **AND**
- G. Patient has **TWO** or more of any of the CAPS-typical symptoms:
  - urticaria-like rash
  - cold-triggered episodes
  - sensorineural hearing loss
  - musculoskeletal symptoms
  - chronic aseptic meningitis
  - skeletal abnormalities

#### 2. Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)

- A. Patient weighs at least 10 kg; AND
- B. Patient has a confirmed diagnosis of DIRA as evidenced by a mutation in the IL1RN gene; AND
- C. Used as maintenance of remission in patients who have previously experienced clinical benefit from anakinra therapy for the treatment of DIRA

#### 3. <u>Recurrent Pericarditis (RP)</u>

- A. Patient is at least 12 years of age; **AND**
- B. Used for the treatment of recurrent pericarditis and/or reducing the recurrence of disease; AND
- C. Patient has documented baseline serum levels of inflammatory proteins (C-Reactive Protein [CRP], etc.); **AND**
- D. Patient has failed standard therapy (e.g., NSAID, colchicine, corticosteroids, etc.)

#### **II. RENEWAL CRITERIA**

1. Patient continues to meet INITIAL APPROVAL CRITERIA; AND

- 2. Absence of unacceptable toxicity from the drug. *Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe hypersensitivity reactions, serious infections (including but not limited to tuberculosis), lipid profile changes, etc.;* **AND**
- A. **Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes**: Disease response as indicated by improvement in patient's symptoms from baseline **AND** improvement in serum levels of inflammatory proteins (e.g. CRP and/or SAA, etc.) from baseline
- B. **Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA):** Disease response as indicated by improvement in patient's symptoms (e.g., fever, skin rash, bone pain), inflammatory markers (e.g., CRP, ESR), and/or radiological evidence of active bone lesions compared to baseline
- C. **Recurrent Pericarditis (RP):** Disease response as indicated by improvement in patient's symptoms (e.g., pericarditis pain, etc.), inflammatory markers (e.g., CRP, etc.), and/or decreased rate of recurrence of disease compared to baseline

#### Limitations/Exclusions

- 1. Patient is not on concurrent therapy with other IL-1 blocking agents (e.g., canakinumab, anakinra\*, etc.) [\*Note: For DIRA, anakinra must be discontinued 24 hours prior to starting Arcalyst]; AND
- 2. Patient is not on concurrent treatment with another TNF inhibitor, biologic response modifier or other non-biologic immunomodulating agent (e.g., apremilast, tofacitinib, baricitinib, upadacitinib, abrocitinib, deucravacitinib, etc.) **AND**
- 3. Patient has been evaluated and screened for the presence of latent tuberculosis (TB) infection prior to initiating treatment and will receive ongoing monitoring for the presence of TB during treatment; **AND**
- 4. Patient does not have an active infection, including clinically important localized infections; AND
- 5. Will not be administered concurrently with live vaccines AND
- 6. Patient is up to date with all vaccinations, in accordance with current vaccination guidelines, prior to initiating therapy

|                                  | D  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Indication                       | Dose   |
| Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic    | Initiate treatment with a loading dose of 320 mg delivered as two, 2-mL,           |
| Syndromes & Recurrent            | subcutaneous injections of 160 mg on the same day at two different sites.          |
| Pericarditis (Adult patients 18  | Continue dosing with a once-weekly injection of 160 mg administered as a           |
| and older)                       | single, 2-mL, subcutaneous injection   |
| Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic    | Initiate treatment with a loading dose of 4.4 mg/kg, up to a maximum of 320        |
| Syndromes & Recurrent            | mg, delivered as one or two subcutaneous injections with a maximum single-         |
| Pericarditis (Pediatric patients | injection volume of 2-mL. Continue dosing with a once-weekly injection of 2.2      |
| aged 12 to 17)                   | mg/kg, up to a maximum of 160 mg, administered as a single subcutaneous            |
|                                  | injection, up to 2-mL. If the initial dose is given as two injections, they should |
|                                  | be given on the same day at two different sites                                    |
| Deficiency of Interleukin-1      | The recommended dose is 320 mg once weekly delivered as two, 2-mL,                 |
| Receptor Antagonist (Adult       | subcutaneous injections of 160 mg on the same day at two different sites.          |
| patients 18 and older)           | *NOTE: Treatment with anakinra will be stopped 24 hours before                     |
|                                  | initiation of Arcalyst   |
| Deficiency of Interleukin-1      | The recommended dose is 4.4 mg/kg (up to a maximum of 320 mg) once                 |
| Receptor Antagonist (Pediatric   | weekly delivered as one or two, subcutaneous injections with a maximum             |
| patients < 18 years of age and   | single-injection volume of 2 mL (160 mg). If the dose is given as two injections,  |
| weighing at least 10 kg)         | they should be given on the same day at two different sites.                       |
|                                  | *NOTE: Treatment with anakinra will be stopped 24 hours before initiation of       |
|                                  | Arcalyst   |

### Dosage/Administration

# Applicable Procedure Codes

| Code  | Description   |  |
|-------|---|--|
| J2793 | Injection, rilonacept, 1 mg, 1 billable unit = 1 mg |  |

# Applicable NDCs

| Code          | Description  |
|---------------|--|
| 73604-0914-xx | Arcalyst single use vial; 220 mg (each reconstituted vial delivers 160 mg) |

# ICD-10 Diagnoses

| Code  | Description   |  |
|-------|---|--|
| E85.0 | Non-neuropathic heredofamilial amyloidosis                                      |  |
| 124.1 | Dressler's Syndrome   |  |
| L50.2 | Urticaria due to cold and heat [familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome (FCAS)] |  |
| M04.2 | Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes   |  |
| M04.8 | Other autoinflammatory syndromes  |  |

# **Revision History**

| Company(ies)                   | DATE      | REVISION  |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---|
| EmblemHealth &<br>ConnectiCare | 2/18/2025 | Annual Review:<br>Addition to renewal criteria: Patient has been evaluated and screened for the<br>presence of latent tuberculosis (TB) infection prior to initiating treatment and<br>will receive ongoing monitoring for the presence of TB during treatment; <b>AND</b><br>Patient does not have an active infection, including clinically important localized<br>infections; <b>AND</b> Will not be administered concurrently with live vaccines <b>AND</b><br>Patient is up to date with all vaccinations, in accordance with current<br>vaccination guidelines, prior to initiating therapy   |
|                                |           | Addition to initial criteria for (CAPS) Used as a single agent  |
| EmblemHealth &<br>ConnectiCare | 4/9/2024  | Annual Review: Added dosing limits, updated dosing chart, added<br>limitations/exclusions. Initial Criteria: Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic<br>Syndromes: removed the following statement to clarify: "Diagnosis of<br>Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells<br>Syndrome (MWS); AND" Clarified as: "Patient has documented baseline<br>serum levels of inflammatory proteins (C-Reactive Protein [CRP] and/or<br>Serum Amyloid A [SAA], etc.); AND Patient has documented laboratory<br>evidence of a genetic mutation in the Cold-Induced Auto-inflammatory<br>Syndrome 1 (CIAS1), also known as NLRP3; AND Documented diagnosis of<br>Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS); OR" Documented<br>diagnosis of Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS); AND<br>Updated prescribers to include: "geneticist, allergist/immunologist, or<br>dermatologist; AND"<br>Renewal Criteria: Removed the following statement to clarify: " Member is<br>responding positively to therapy." Added: "Absence of unacceptable<br>toxicity from the drug. <i>Examples of unacceptable toxicity include: severe</i><br><i>hypersensitivity reactions, serious infections (including but not limited to</i><br><i>tuberculosis), lipid profile changes, etc.</i> ; AND Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic<br>Syndromes: Disease response as indicated by improvement in patient's<br>symptoms from baseline AND improvement in serum levels of<br>inflammatory proteins (e.g. CRP and/or SAA, etc.) from baseline Deficiency |

|                                |           | of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA): Disease response as indicated<br>by improvement in patient's symptoms (e.g., fever, skin rash, bone pain),<br>inflammatory markers (e.g., CRP, ESR), and/or radiological evidence of<br>active bone lesions compared to baseline Recurrent Pericarditis (RP):<br>Disease response as indicated by improvement in patient's symptoms (e.g.,<br>pericarditis pain, etc.), inflammatory markers (e.g., CRP, etc.), and/or<br>decreased rate of recurrence of disease compared to baseline"   |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| EmblemHealth &<br>ConnectiCare | 8/2/2023  | Annual Review:<br><u>Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes :</u> Initial Criteria: Added<br>"Patient has two or more of any of the CAPS-typical symptoms:<br>– urticaria-like rash<br>– cold-triggered episodes<br>– sensorineural hearing loss<br>– musculoskeletal symptoms<br>– chronic aseptic meningitis<br>– skeletal abnormalities"<br>Added <u>Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA</u> ) Indication and<br>Criteria<br>Added <u>Recurrent Pericarditis (RP)</u> indication and criteria<br>Removed NDC 61755-001-xx, added 73604-0914-xx<br>Added ICD-10 Codes: E85.0, I24.1, M04.2, and M04.8<br>Updated dosing chart |
| EmblemHealth &<br>ConnectiCare | 3/23/2022 | Transferred policy to new template   |
| EmblemHealth &<br>ConnectiCare | 7/15/2019 | Annual review – no changes   |

# References

- 1. Product Information: ARCALYST<sup>®</sup> subcutaneous injection, rilonacept subcutaneous injection. Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (per Manufacturer), Tarrytown, NY, 2014.
- 2. Hoffman HM, Rosengren S, Boyle DL, et al. Prevention of cold-associated acute inflammation in familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome by interleukin-1 receptor antagonist. Lancet. 2004;364(9447):1779-1785.
- 3. Shinkai K, McCalmont TH, Leslie KS. Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes and autoinflammation. Clin Exp Dermatol. 2008;33(1):1-9.