EmblemHealth ConnectiCare.



Sylvant[™] (siltuximab)

Drug Policy:

POLICY NUMBER UM ONC_1383	SUBJECT Sylvant™ (siltuximab)		DEPT/PROGRAM UM Dept	PAGE 1 of 4
DATES COMMITTEE REVIEWED 02/12/20, 12/09/20, 11/10/21, 05/11/22, 09/14/22, 07/12/23, 07/10/24	APPROVAL DATE July 10, 2024	EFFECTIVE DATE July 26, 2024	COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATES 02/12/20, 12/09/20, 11/10/21, 05/11/22, 09/14/22, 07/12/23, 07/10/24	
PRIMARY BUSINESS OWNER: UM		COMMITTEE/BOARD APPROVAL Utilization Management Committee		
NCQA STANDARDS UM 2		ADDITIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT		
CMS REQUIREMENTS	STATE/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS		APPLICABLE LINES	

I. PURPOSE

To define and describe the accepted indications for Sylvant (siltuximab) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

II. INDICATIONS FOR USE/INCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided:
 - 1. The requested medication was used within the last year, AND
 - 2. The member has not experienced disease progression and/or no intolerance to the requested medication, AND
 - 3. Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

B. Idiopathic Multicentric Castleman's Disease (iMCD)

 The member has active multicentric Castleman's disease (see attached criteria for active disease) and is human immunodeficiency virus-1 (HIV-1) and human herpes virus-8 (HHV-8) NEGATIVE AND Sylvant (siltuximab) may be used as monotherapy as first or second line therapy.

III. EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Sylvant (siltuximab) is being used after disease progression with the same regimen or another interleukin-6 receptor targeted therapy [i.e., Actemra (tocilizumab)].
- B. Sylvant (siltuximab) is being used in HIV-1 positive or HHV-8 positive members.
- C. Concurrent use with live vaccines or other anticancer therapies.
- D. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Sylvant (siltuximab) is 11 mg/kg.
- E. Investigational use of Sylvant (siltuximab) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - 1. Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 2. Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - 3. Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - 4. Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - 5. That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 6. That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - 7. That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peerreviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

IV. MEDICATION MANAGEMENT

A. Please refer to the FDA label/package insert for details regarding these topics.

V. APPROVAL AUTHORITY

- A. Review Utilization Management Department
- B. Final Approval Utilization Management Committee

VI. ATTACHMENTS

A. Attachment A: Criteria for Active Disease

VII. REFERENCES

- A. Sylvant prescribing information. EUSA Pharma (UK), Ltd.Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire, U.K. 2022.
- B. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard 2023.

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- C. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: 2023.
- D. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium 2023.
- E. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD 2023.
- F. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. J Clin Oncol. 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
- G. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf.

Attachment A: Criteria for Active Disease

CRITERIA FOR ACTIVE DISEASE^a

- Fever
- Increased serum C-reactive protein level >20 mg/L in the absence of any other etiology
- At least three of the following other MCD-related symptoms:
- Peripheral lymphadenopathy
- Enlarged spleen
- Edema
- Pleural effusion
- Ascites
- Cough
- Nasal obstruction
- Xerostomia
- Rash
- Central neurologic symptoms
- Jaundice
- Autoimmune hemolytic anemia

^a Gérard L, Bérezné A, Galicier L, et al. Prospective study of rituximab in chemotherapy-dependent human immunodeficiency virus-associated multicentric Castleman's disease: ANRS 117 CastlemaB Trial. J Clin Oncol 2007;25:3350-3356.